

FIGHTING IN THE CITY HAS BEEN CONCLUDED.

Japanese Report Says That Everything Has
Now Quiet Down.

OTHER REPORTS INDICATE CLASHES AT ARMS NEAR CITY.

British Were Too Late to Take Part In the Entrance to the City
Of Peking and Their Admiral Regrets It--Remy Sends a
Cablegram In Which the Death of Captain Riley
Is Again Mentioned--English and Japanese
Disperse 1,000 Boxers.

[News-Democrat Leased Wire Service.]

Taku, August 22.—A Japanese report has been received here saying that the fighting in Peking is ended.

GERMAN SAILORS.

Berlin, Aug. 22.—A report received from the commander of the German naval battalion arching on Peking, reports hearing heavy and continued firing northward. The German naval battalion left Tien Tsin some time between Saturday and Monday last.

REMEY REPORTS.

Washington, August 22.—The following from Admiral Remy was received today:

"Taku, Aug. 20.—Dickens' command landed today. Peking, August 16, all except imperial building cleared of Chinese troops. American troops first to enter imperial city. Have penetrated two gates of palace. Captain Riley, Fifth artillery, killed on 15th. Morning 19th Sixth cavalry about 400 English and Japanese dispersed about 1,000 Boxers eight miles outside of Tien Tsin. About 100 Chinese killed, five Americans wounded. Chaffee's losses, six killed, 30 wounded, two days' fighting."

BRITISH TOO LATE.

London, Aug. 22.—Admiral Bruce cables from Taku that the British commanding officer at Peking (General Gaselee) reports under date of August 17 as follows:

"I regret that owing to the heavy road the forced march of the naval brigade did not avail, in order that they might participate in the entry yesterday."

A second dispatch from Admiral Bruce today reports fighting six miles south of Tien Tsin on August 19.

"CITY OCCUPIED."

Washington, Aug. 22.—"City occupied," was the message flashed by Major Scriven at Peking to the headquarters of the signal corps last night. It bore date of August 17, which was a day later than any previous dispatch from the Chinese capital.

Major Scriven's telegram was interpreted by the war department officials to mean that all of Peking is in the hands of the allied troops. In includes, in their judgment, all the cities enclosed by the outer wall of Peking. They are the Tartar, Imperial and Forbidden Cities.

With that view verified it will be true that for the first time in history the armed host of the "foreign devils" occupy the sacred vessels and temple of the imperial city. Until 1894 not even the ambassador of a foreign power entered the inner city of the Chinese capital. The occupation of the inner city, as indicated by the Scriven report, would be a logical sequence of events reported in previous telegrams. It is presumed that Scriven would use other words if only a part of the city were occupied.

An unpleasant feature of today's dispatch was the statement that fighting is going on around Tien Tsin. It had been hoped that the Chinese had been so thoroughly beaten that they would be subdued. Activity on their part will necessitate the sending of reinforcements to protect the long line of communication between Tien Tsin and the capital. As Peking will be garrisoned until the powers had collected the penalty for the outbreak and a satisfactory government is installed, there will be a demand for a large force probably all winter. President McKinley has not yet formulated the American program. He is waiting to hear from the people in this country and from General Chaffee.

AMERICANS WOUNDED.

Washington, Aug. 22.—General Chaffee sends a casualty list, today, dated Peking, August 17. It shows 13

Americans wounded in the action of August 14; 19 wounded in action August 15 and the following killed on the 15th: Captain Henry Reilly, Ninth Infantry, Robert Walsh, James Hill, Daniel Simpkins, Russell Elliott and James Wilber. Edward Mitchell died of wounds.

JAPANESE ARE IN.

Tokio, Aug. 22.—Official advices to the Japanese government from Tien Tsin under date of August 20, says that the Japanese troops occupied the imperial palace in Peking on August 16. The dowager empress was not there, having left the capital August 12 with the emperor and ministers and 3,000 troops. The dispatches add that the city has been divided into districts presided over by officers of the various contingents. The Japanese rescued the missionaries and native converts who had been confined in the palace. The Japanese lost 200 killed and wounded, the Chinese lost 600 killed.

ALL SATISFACTORY.

Washington, Aug. 22.—General Barry, under date of August 19, reports to the adjutant general conditions in and around Tien Tsin. The cablegram received this morning reads as follows: "Tien Tsin, Aug. 19.—With reference to your telegram of the 16th: Horses, materials and troops promptly lighted at Taku and forwarded to the front. The Sixth cavalry mounted. Grant should be in Manila now. Hospitals excellent ample for present army, well supplied and in fine condition. Everything is satisfactory. Go to Peking tomorrow. Sick and wounded doing well. Signed, BARRY."

CHINESE ACTIVE.

London, Aug. 22.—News of more fighting along the recent line of march of the allies is expected at any time. The reinforcements which left Tien Tsin a few days ago for Peking are likely to meet with some resistance at Peking and other points of vantage from which the first column of the allies dislodged the Chinese two weeks ago.

According to reports, forces of Chinese several thousand strong are active along the railroad between Tien Tsin and Peking, and the break in the wire is certainly due to them. No fear is expressed here that the reappearance of the Chinese along the railroad line will prove a menace to the safety of the forces in Peking. It is believed the reinforcements will be able to disperse them without difficulty. As soon as the line can be sufficiently garrisoned the ministers are expected to start for the coast.

IS ONLY A BOY.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Calvin P. Titus, who scaled the wall of Peking and secured for the United States the honor of first planting its standard thereon, is an Iowa boy, only 19 years and 6 months old. He was wounded in the neck slightly.

SOME SELECTED RECIPES.

TOOTHACHE DESSERT DISH.

Two tablespoonfuls of tapioca soaked over night in a little water; in the morning add one-half cup of sugar, one pint of milk, one egg. Heat the milk, add the tapioca and boil 20 minutes; beat the yolk of an egg, sugar, two teaspoonfuls of flour, and a little salt, stir into the milk, and boil five minutes. Pour into a dish, beat the white of the egg with one and one-half tablespoonfuls of sugar, spread over the top, and set in the oven a few minutes. Pare and slice bananas, peaches or oranges, lay in the bottom of a glass dish and sprinkle with sugar. Wet a knife, slip around the edge of pudding, to loosen, and lay over the fruit.

THE SUMMER FRIED OYSTER.

Corn oysters are good if properly made. Half grate on a rather fine grater eight ears of corn that is neither young nor very old, scraping out all the remaining pulp from the hulls on the cob. Add to this the beaten yolks of two eggs, one level teaspoonful of salt, one fourth as much pepper, and the whites of eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Fry in little cakes shaped like oysters in a spider in sweet leaf lard not enough not to soak into the batter. If the corn is so watery that the cakes spread so much add cracker

dust to make the batter stiffer. Use neither milk nor flour.

DELICIOUS PEACH PUDDING.

Fill a pudding dish with whole peeled peaches, and pour over them two cups of water. Cover closely, and bake until peaches are tender, then drain off the juice from the peaches, and let it stand until cool. Add to the juice one pint of sweet milk, four well-beaten eggs, a small cup flour with one teaspoonful baking powder mixed in it, one cup sugar, one tablespoonful melted butter and a little salt. Beat well three or four minutes, and pour over peaches in dish. Bake until a rich brown, and serve with cream.

APPLE AND BROWN BREAD PUDDING.

Mix together thoroughly one pint of brown bread crumbs and two-thirds of a cup of suet, finely chopped. When well mixed add one pint of apple, chopped fine, half a teaspoonful of salt and one cup of raisins, seeded and mixed with two tablespoonfuls of flour. Beat one egg, add a cup of milk and stir into the other ingredients. Pour into a buttered mold and strain two hours. Half a teaspoonful of ginger or other spice may be used if desired. Serve with hard or lemon sauce.

TOMATOES FOR THE KING.

Cut as many large tomatoes as are required into slices nearly an inch thick, leaving the peels on. Melt butter enough in a shallow enameled pan to cover the bottom; put the slices of tomatoes in. After the butter is melted put a little lump of butter on top of each slice of tomato; season with salt and pepper; stand the pan in the oven of a gas stove. Cut as many slices of bread as are needed to lay the tomatoes on. While the tomatoes are cooking in the oven toast the bread, butter it, lay it on a hot platter. Take the pan from the oven after the toast is made, set it under the gas flame, and as soon as the tomatoes are slightly brown over the top remove them and carefully place them in layers on the toast. Pour over them all the juice in the pan and serve at once.

A BREAKFAST DISH.

Chop, very fine, one pound of calf liver. Put one teaspoonful of butter into a saucepan, add the liver, two tablespoonfuls of chopped onion, two tablespoonfuls of chopped bacon, cover, and when nearly done, add half teaspoonful of salt, quarter teaspoonful of pepper, and two tablespoonfuls of boiling water. Serve on a platter with crisp pieces of toast.

SCOTCH EGGS.

One cupful of cooked lean ham, chopped very fine, one-third cupful of stale breadcrumbs, one-third cupful of milk, half a teaspoonful of mixed mustard, pinch of cayenne, one raw egg and six boiled eggs. Cook bread and milk together until a smooth paste, add the ham, seasoning and raw egg. Break the shells from the eggs. Cover with this mixture. Fry in boiling fat for ten minutes.

LADY CABBAGE.

Chop some cabbage very fine, cook in boiling water for one-half hour. Drain, then season highly with salt and pepper, a half cup milk, and teaspoonful of butter. Cook a few minutes and then serve.

BORN IN AMERICA.

Yet This Colored Child Speaks
Only in a North African
Jargon.

William Bender, a colored man well known about the city, who has been living with his wife and one child in a tumble-down shanty on Seventh avenue N., near Fifth street, left for Boston Monday night with his child, says the Minneapolis Journal. Bender's traveling expenses for himself and family are being paid by Boston people, who believe that the Bender child is one of the most interesting human beings in existence.

In conversation with the Journal man last night, Bender said that he had never considered the child abnormal except in that he was very backward about learning to talk, being 4 years old and unable to utter a single intelligible word of English. Since he was 2 years old, however, the little boy, who is a typical negro with intensely dark skin and woolly hair, has been jabbering some sort of jargon of his own which nobody could understand a word of. The boy appeared from his early infancy to be very bright mentally, and at 3 years old he would talk to his mother for hours in a queer jargon, seeming surprised that she could not comprehend his meaning.

Mrs. Bender took the child to a well-known Minneapolis surgeon about a year ago, and had an examination made of his vocal organs, fearing there might be some deformity preventing his learning to talk. The surgeon informed her that there was nothing at all the matter with the boy, and added that he would in all probability learn to talk very rapidly within the next year. Instead of acquiring English, however, the little chap has persisted in talking his strange language, and recently the parents became alarmed, coming to the conclusion that the child had been born under some sort of evil spell.

About two months ago a colored missionary, Rev. Elijah Wilson, from Northeast Africa, was in Minneapolis one day, his arrival being noted in the newspapers. Bender heard of his presence and he took the child to him. Mr. Wilson was interested in Bender's story, but on the first visit young Bender would not say a word, his shyness standing in the way. The missionary told Bender to call again, and this time the youngster became interested in certain trinkets shown him. Immediately he began talking in his queer tongue, and, to the utter astonishment of the father, Mr. Wilson answered in the same language, and the conversation was kept up for some time.

Mr. Wilson told Bender, with evident astonishment, that the boy was speaking a mixture of Arabic and Shilluk dialect, and that most of his words were perfectly intelligible. He added that the same language was spoken by people inhabiting a tract of 200 miles along the Nile, the Shilluks being one of the most populous tribes in that part of Africa. The missionary stated that he had lived for six years at the Sabat

junction of the Nile, and that he was perfectly acquainted with the language. Mr. Wilson also volunteered the information that Bender himself was an unmistakable Shilluk, by the shape of his head and the color of his skin.

Bender left the missionary with all haste and told his wife what he had said. Mrs. Bender at once expressed the opinion that the child's affliction was a judgment on Bender for his past misdeeds.

It appears that Mr. Wilson has written to several theological journals about the Minneapolis phenomenon, and from matter that has been published on the subject an investigation is to be undertaken by some Boston scientists. The result is Bender's departure for Boston, as stated. The man declares that he and all his people, as far back as grandparents, were born and reared in Georgia, and that not one of them knew any language but English.

ELECTRIC CAR TURNED OVER.

Bad Accident on the the Chagrin
Falls Road.

SEVERAL PERSONS INJURED.

List of the Names of Those Who Were
Hurt—Said That a Broken Brake
Had Caused the
Accident.

[News-Democrat Leased Wire Service.]

Chagrin Falls, O., Aug. 22.—Car No. 20, on the Chagrin Falls railroad, was wrecked at Maple and Solon streets, about one mile from the square at 8:35 this morning. There were about a dozen people on the car and all were more or less hurt, several seriously.

The injured are: Mrs. George Rathburn, Mrs. Lee Robbins, John Young, conductor; Mrs. W. H. Barris, Mrs. Letha Short, Mrs. M. G. Meice, all of townships surrounding Chagrin Falls, and Dr. H. C. Coffin, of Cleveland, knee injured. Miss Letha Short, head and shoulders badly cut and bruised. Mrs. M. G. Meice, side and shoulders bruised and cut.

It is said the accident was caused by the brake rod of the car breaking. The car left the track, ran along on the ground about ten feet and then turned completely over, stopping at the edge of a ten-foot embankment. The passengers on the car were hurled in all directions and cut by flying glass. The motorman, A. A. Carlton, stuck to his post and made desperate efforts to stop the car when it left the track. It was probably due to him that the car did not go over the embankment. Carlton was uninjured.

BITTER FEUD AT MALVERN.

Cause of the Trouble Pays a
Visit to Canton.

ELECTION OF SUPERINTENDENT

For the Public Schools Is the Bone of Contention
and Neighbors and
Former Friends Are
Quarreling.

Prof. C. H. Carlisle, of Malvern, was in Canton Wednesday on business. The professor is the bone of contention in one of the bitterest school fights ever known in this section. The fight commenced early in the spring and entered into the nominations and election of the members of the school board.

and at the close of the school year when an attempt was made to re-elect Mr. Carlisle, it was found that there were three for and three against him. The opposition has been voting for any one rather than Mr. Carlisle and the fight has become so bitter that it has become a town feud. Neighbor has been turned against neighbor, friend against friend, it has permeated the churches, and even created dissensions in families. The time for the opening of the schools is near at hand and the county commissioners of Carroll county will be called upon to settle the dispute and elect some one to superintend the schools. Mr. Carlisle being a Democrat he says that politics has entered into the fight and might influence the commissioners, who are Republicans.

His Money Was Missing.

Thomas Welch was arrested on the charge of drunkenness by Officer Williams at noon Tuesday. Welch was taken to the police station and locked up. Welch stated to one of the officers that he had been robbed of \$10. He stated that he had fallen asleep in a saloon, and when he awoke the money was missing.

Accepted For Membership.

Youngstown Vindicator: Hon. Anthony Howells, of Massillon, has applied and been accepted for membership in the local order of True Iovites of America and will be initiated in a short time. Through a special dispensation he will be permitted to take the three degrees at one meeting.

Families Quarrel.

Two families in Union street engaged in a controversy Tuesday night which caused some disturbance and annoyance to the neighbors. Officer McClelland was sent for, but when he arrived the trouble was over and one of the families had retired within the house. No arrests were made by the officer.

Mr. Samuel A. Kirk left Tuesday for Mt. Vernon.

TO ENLARGE THE PLANT.

President of the Board of Trade
Says He Has Such
Assurances.

THE CANTON ROLLING MILL.

Said to Be Ready to Open When the
Wage Scale Is Adjusted.

WERE PAID NO MONEY BONUS.

What the Company Got From the City Was
a Site—Something With Reference to
the Trust and the Closing
of the Local
Concern.

A News-Democrat representative called on President Charles R. Miller, of the Canton board of trade, at his office in the Central Savings bank building Wednesday morning, and calling his attention to the action of the Coshooton board of trade with reference to the closing of the sheet steel mill in that city, as detailed elsewhere in this issue, interrogated him as to the situation with reference to the Canton rolling mill, which has been idle for some time.

Mr. Miller said: "The Coshooton contract was a peculiar one. I was familiar with its conditions at the time it was made. The town gave a bonus of \$20,000 conditionally that the company receiving it should not sell out without refunding the amount of the bonus. The American Sheet Steel company, when it purchased the plant from the local company of that city, held back \$20,000 of the purchase price to protect itself in the settlement with the city."

"No such contract was made by Canton. No money bonus, and nothing beyond a site was given by Canton, but a loan was made to the rolling mill company, all of which, however, has been repaid."

"What we especially wish to know," said the reporter, "is whether you have any information as to when the Canton plant will be put in operation, if at all?"

"Yes; I have assurances that it will not only be operated, but enlarged. The fact is not generally known to our people, yet it is true that Canton's manufacturing alone consume more sheet steel than this mill can produce. Our annual consumption of black sheet metal is over 8,000 tons, to say nothing of galvanized metal and other products."

"The mill has heretofore employed about one hundred hands, and the contemplated enlargement of the plant will add two more rolls, and the number of employees will be increased to one hundred and fifty."

"The present shutdown is the periodical closing due to the adjustment of the question of the wage scale between the employers and the Amalgamated association, which is the organization among the millworkers. As soon as this is settled, I am assured that our mill will be started up."

WORKING ON STREETS.

The late employees of the rolling mill, many of them, have been in sore straits since the closing down of the mill, and men who had been making from \$3 to \$8 a day have been compelled to seek work at anything that offered. Many of them are at present working on the widening of the Navarre street railway line for \$1.50 a day, or such matter, while others have not been able to secure employment anywhere.

The idleness of this large body of men who had been earning good wages was not only a hardship to them and their families, but was felt by the merchants and in all lines of trade.

WILL BE HELD SEPTEMBER 4.

The Date for the Congressional
Convention Set.

TO CONVEY IN ALLIANCE.

No Avowed Candidate in the Field But It
Is Understood Several Men in Stark
Would Accept if Nomination
Were Tendered Them.

Attorney S. L. Clark, of Youngstown, and chairman of the Democratic congressional committee of this district, has announced that the Democratic congressional convention will be held in Alliance, Tuesday, September 4.

The delegates from Stark county were elected several months ago, at the time of the selecting of delegates to the state convention. Stark county has no avowed candidate, but it is understood there are several men in the county and in Canton who would accept the congressional nomination if tendered them.

FOR SALE—If you have a farm for sale procure your abstract of the title now and see that your title is perfect, so there may be no delay when you find a purchaser. The Trust Abstract company, Eagle block, Canton, Ohio.

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INCORPORATED 1887.

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JOSEPH B. BISHOP, Vice-President
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DIRECTORS:
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Jas. Bishop, Edward S. Raff
Leopold Bishcho, Paul D. Rider
H. W. Steadler, R. S. Shields
David Zollars.

First National Bank

CANTON, O.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.

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F. E. CASE.
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JOHN SHERRICK.
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terms.

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CANTON, OHIO.

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Accounts of corporations, firms and
individuals solicited.

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Legal Notice.

Henry T. Zerbe, who resides at Harrison, in the State of Nebraska, and Franklin Zerbe, who resides at Odell, in the State of Kansas, will take notice that J. B. Summers, Administrator of the estate of Susan Zerbe, deceased, has filed his petition in the Probate Court, within and for the County of Stark and State of Ohio, alleging that under the will of Michael Zerbe, deceased, he is required to sell the real estate of said Michael Zerbe, upon the death of Susan Zerbe, his widow, that said Susan Zerbe is now deceased, and that it will be necessary, under the terms and provisions of said will, to sell the real estate of said Michael Zerbe, deceased, in order to settle up said estate according to said will. That said Michael Zerbe died seized in fee simple of 40 acres, more or less, situate in section 34, township 10, range 8, of Stark county, Ohio.

The petitioner prays that an order be made to sell said premises and to pay the debts of the deceased and distribute the proceeds thereof according to the will of the deceased. The above named persons will further take notice that they have been made parties defendant to said petition; and that they are required to answer the same on or before the 15th day of September, 1900.

J. B. SUMMERS,
Administrator de bonis non, with
the will annexed, of Michael Zerbe.
J. P. FAWCETT,
Att'y for Plaintiff.

Road Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Commissioners of Stark county, at their next regular session, to be held on the 4th day of September, 1900, praying that the width of so much of the County road leading from the Onaburg State road north on the line between Sections 7 and 8 of said Onaburg township to the north line of same, and lying in the county of Stark, and known as the Solomon Lind road, may be reduced to, and established at, a width of thirty-two feet.

Dated August 22, 1900.
JOSHUA FINK, ET AL.
Petitioners.

Legal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the late partnership composed of Fred Heiland and Frederic Heingartner, and doing business under the name of Heiland & Heingartner, in Canton, Ohio, was on the 3rd day of August 1900, dissolved by the transfer of the interest of the late Frederic Heingartner, now deceased, by his last will and testament, to Ella J. Heingartner.

CHARLES HEINGARTNER,
Executor of the last will of Fred-
eric Heingartner, deceased.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator, de bonis non, of the estate of Mary A. Bucklin, late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 15th day of January 1900.
JOHN H. SPONSELLER,
Administrator, de bonis non.